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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/620,714	07/15/2003	David J. Corisis	108298532US1	9586
25096	7590 09/02/2004		EXAMINER	
PERKINS COIE LLP			WILLIAMS, ALEXANDER O	
PATENT-SE P.O. BOX 12			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SEATTLE, WA 98111-1247			2826	

DATE MAILED: 09/02/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			- 12 - 22					
	•	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/620,714	CORISIS					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Alexander O Williams	2826					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication a or Reply	appears on the cover she	et with the correspondence a	ddress				
THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REFMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION resions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the material patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, leply within the statutory minimum od will apply and will expire SIX (tute, cause the application to because.	may a reply be timely filed n of thirty (30) days will be considered time b) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status	,	•						
1)[\inf	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	June 2004						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>29 June 2004</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
/	·—		matters prosecution as to th	e merits is				
٠,١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	•						
·								
	Claim(s) <u>50-77</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 56.75 and 78-83 is/are withdrawn from consideration							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>56,75 and 78-83</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
·	☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. ☑ Claim(s) <u>50-55,57-74,76 and 77</u> is/are rejected.							
·								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requiremer	nt.					
Applicati	on Papers							
	·	nor						
	9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
ارادا	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
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	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received	i .					
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	·		l Stage				
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attach	Mc)							
Attachment	u(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) I later	view Summary (PTO-413)					
2) Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Pape	er No(s)/Mail Date					
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 r No(s)/Mail Date <u>11/17/03 & 6/29/04</u> .	08) 5) Notic 6) Othe	ce of Informal Patent Application (PT er:	O-152)				

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Serial Number: 10/620714 Attorney's Docket #: 108298532US1

Filing Date: 7/15/2003;

Applicant: Corisis

Examiner: Alexander Williams

Applicant's election of species of figure 3 (claims 50-55, 57-74, 76 and 77), filed 6/29/04, has been acknowledged.

Applicant's Pre-Amendment filed 7/15/03 has been acknowledged.

This application contains claims 56, 75 and 78-83 drawn to an invention non-elected without traverse in Paper No. 4.

Claims 1-49 have been canceled.

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: The divisional application information should be updated with the patent information.

Appropriate correction is required.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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Initially, it is noted that the 35 U.S.C. § 103 rejection based on a first encapsulant and a second encapsulant deals with an issue (i.e., the integration of multiple pieces into one piece or conversely, using multiple pieces in replacing a single piece) that has been previously decided by the courts.

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In <u>Howard v. Detroit Stove Works</u> 150 U.S. 164 (1893), the Court held, "it involves no invention to cast in one piece an article which has formerly been cast in two pieces and put together...."

In <u>In re Larson</u> 144 USPQ 347 (CCPA 1965), the term "integral" did not define over a multi-piece structure secured as a single unit. More importantly, the court went further and stated, "we are inclined to agree with the solicitor that the use of a one-piece construction instead of the [multi-piece] structure disclosed in Tuttle et al. would be merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" (bracketed material added). The court cited <u>In re Fridolph</u> for support.

In re Fridolph 135 USPQ 319 (CCPA 1962) deals with submitted affidavits relating to this issue. The underlying issue in In re Fridolph was related to the end result of making a multi-piece structure into a one-piece structure. Generally, favorable patentable weight was accorded if the one-piece structure yielded results not expected from the modification of the two-piece structure into a single piece structure.

Claims 50, 51, 53, 55, 57-59, 62-64, 67-69, 72, 73 and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ball (U.S. Patent # 6,784,023 B2). 50. Ball (figures 1 to 9) specifically figure 6 show a packaged microelectronic devices 600, comprising: a support member 606 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 604 connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry and having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 634) in a first encapsulant 634 to define a first package configuration; and a second packaged microelectronic device 602 connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry with the first packaged microelectronic device

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positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 634) in a second encapsulant 634 to define a second package configuration different than the first package configuration.

- 51. The assembly of claim 50, Ball further comprising a conductive connecting member 628 connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to an outer edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 53. The assembly of claim 50, Ball show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first planform shape in a plane generally parallel to a plane of the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device has a second planform shape in a plane generally parallel to the plane of the support member, and further wherein the second planform shape is more extensive in at least one direction generally parallel to the plane of the support member than is the first planform shape.
- 55. The assembly of claim 50, Ball show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members **628** electrically coupled to the second microelectronic die and extending away from the second encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry without being attached to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 57. Ball (figures 1 to 9) specifically figure 6 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 606; a first packaged microelectronic device 604 connected to the support member and having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased in a first encapsulant 634 to define a first planform shape; and a second packaged microelectronic device 602 connected to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased in a second encapsulant 634 to define a second planform shape different than the first planform shape.
- 58. The assembly of claim 57, Ball show wherein the support member **606** defines a support member plane and the first planform shape describes an area in a first plane generally parallel to the support member plane that is smaller than an area described by

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the second planform shape in a second plane generally parallel to the support member plane.

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- 59. The assembly of claim 57, Ball further comprising a conductive connecting member 628 connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 62. The assembly of claim 57, Ball show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members **628** electrically coupled to the microelectronic substrate and extending away from the second encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.
- 63. Ball (figures 1 to 9) specifically figure 6 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 606; a first packaged microelectronic device 604 having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased in a first encapsulant 634 and connected to the support member with a plurality of solder balls 610; and a second packaged microelectronic device 602 having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased in a second encapsulant 634 and connected to the support member with a plurality of elongated connection members 628 extending from the second packaged microelectronic device around at least part of the first packaged microelectronic device and attached directly to the support member.
- 64. The assembly of claim 63, Ball show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device includes a first surface facing toward the support member, a second surface facing away from the support member and toward the second packaged microelectronic device, and a plurality of third surfaces between the first and second surfaces, further wherein the elongated connection members **628** are positioned adjacent to the third surfaces of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 67. The assembly of claim 63, Ball show wherein the support member includes support member circuitry, and further wherein all the elongated connection members **628** of the second microelectronic device are attached directly to the support member circuitry.
- 68. Ball (figures 1 to 9) specifically figure 6 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member **606** having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device **604** electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device **602**

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electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry without any direct electrical connections **628** to the first packaged microelectronic device, the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device.

- 69. The assembly of claim 68, Ball further comprising an elongated conductive connecting member 628 connected between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 72. The assembly of claim 68, Ball show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device is electrically coupled to the second packaged microelectronic device via the support member circuitry.
- 73. Ball (figures 1 to 9) specifically figure 6 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 606 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 604 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device 602 connected directly to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device not being fixedly attached to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 77. The assembly of claim 73, Ball show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members electrically coupled to the microelectronic substrate and extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the first and second encapsulants the as "merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" as set forth in the above case law.

Claims 50-55, 57-62, 68, 70 to 74, 76 and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Venkateshwaran et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,339,254 B1). 50. Venkateshwaran et al. (figures 4 to 7) specifically figure 6A show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member **610** having support

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member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device **402** connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry and having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased in a first encapsulant **410** to define a first package configuration; and a second packaged microelectronic device **401** connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry with the first packaged microelectronic device positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased in a second encapsulant to define a second package configuration different than the first package configuration. 51. The assembly of claim 50, Venkateshwaran et al. further comprising a conductive connecting member **411** connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to an outer edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.

- 52. The assembly of claim 50, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 53. The assembly of claim 50, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first planform shape in a plane generally parallel to a plane of the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device has a second planform shape in a plane generally parallel to the plane of the support member, and further wherein the second planform shape is more extensive in at least one direction generally parallel to the plane of the support member than is the first planform shape.
- 54. The assembly of claim 50, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device is spaced apart from the first packaged microelectronic device to define a gap between the packaged devices.
- 55. The assembly of claim 50, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members **411** electrically coupled to the second microelectronic die and extending away from the second

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encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry without being attached to the first packaged microelectronic device.

- 57. Venkateshwaran et al. (figures 4 to 7) specifically figure 6A show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 610; a first packaged microelectronic device 402 connected to the support member and having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased in a first encapsulant 410 to define a first planform shape; and a second packaged microelectronic device 401 connected to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic die at least partially encased in a second encapsulant to define a second planform shape different than the first planform shape.
- 58. The assembly of claim 57, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the support member defines a support member plane and the first planform shape describes an area in a first plane generally parallel to the support member plane that is smaller than an area described by the second planform shape in a second plane generally parallel to the support member plane.
- 59. The assembly of claim 57, Venkateshwaran et al. further comprising a conductive connecting member **411** connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 60. The assembly of claim 57, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.

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61. The assembly of claim 57, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device is spaced apart from the first packaged microelectronic device to define a gap between the packaged devices.

62. The assembly of claim 57, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members **411** electrically coupled to the microelectronic substrate and extending away from the second encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.

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- 68. Venkateshwaran et al. (figures 4 to 7) specifically figure 6A an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 610 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 402 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device 401 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry without any direct electrical connections to the first packaged microelectronic device, the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device.
- 70. The assembly of claim 68, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 71. The assembly of claim 68, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device is spaced apart from the first packaged microelectronic device to define a gap between the packaged devices.
- 72. The assembly of claim 68, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device is electrically coupled to the second packaged microelectronic device via the support member circuitry.
- 73. Venkateshwaran et al. (figures 4 to 7) specifically figure 6A show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member **610** having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device **402** electrically coupled

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directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device **401** connected directly to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device not being fixedly attached to the first packaged microelectronic device.

- 74. The assembly of claim 73, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device is spaced apart from the first packaged microelectronic device to define a gap between the first and second packaged microelectronic devices.
- 76. The assembly of claim 73, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second' edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 77. The assembly of claim 73, Venkateshwaran et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members **411** electrically coupled to the microelectronic substrate and extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the first and second encapsulants the as "merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" as set forth in the above case law.

Claims 50-53, 55, 57-60, 62-70, 72, 73, 76 and 77 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tamaki et al. (U.S. Patent # 6,157,080). 50. Tamaki et al. (figures 1 to 15) specifically figure 15 show a packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 21 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 1 connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry and having a first microelectronic die

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at least partially encased (by 20) in a first encapsulant 20 to define a first package configuration; and a second packaged microelectronic device 2 connected to at least one of the support member and the support member circuitry with the first packaged microelectronic device positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 20) in a second encapsulant to define a second package configuration different than the first package configuration. 51. The assembly of claim 50, Tamaki et al. further comprising a conductive connecting member 8 connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to an outer edge of the first packaged microelectronic device. 52. The assembly of claim 50, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second*edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.

53. The assembly of claim 50, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first planform shape in a plane generally parallel to a plane of the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device has a second planform shape in a plane generally parallel to the plane of the support member, and further wherein the second planform shape is more extensive in at least one direction generally parallel to the plane of the support member than is the first planform shape. 55. The assembly of claim 50, Tamaki et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members electrically coupled to the second microelectronic die and extending away from the second encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry without being attached to the first packaged microelectronic device. 57. Tamaki et al. (figures 1 to 15) specifically figure 15 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 21; a first packaged microelectronic device 1 connected to the support member and having a first

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microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 20) in a first encapsulant 20 to define a first planform shape; and a second packaged microelectronic device 2 connected to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 20) in a second encapsulant 20 to define a second planform shape different than the first planform shape.

- 58. The assembly of claim 57, Tamaki et al. show wherein the support member defines a support member plane and the first planform shape describes an area in a first plane generally parallel to the support member plane that is smaller than an area described by the second planform shape in a second plane generally parallel to the support member plane.
- 59. The assembly of claim 57, Tamaki et al. further comprising a conductive connecting member 8 connected directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 60. The assembly of claim 57, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 62. The assembly of claim 57, Tamaki et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members 8 electrically coupled to the microelectronic substrate and extending away from the second encapsulant, further wherein all the conductive members 8 extending away from the second encapsulant are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.
- 63. Tamaki et al. (figures 1 to 15) specifically figure 15 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 21; a first packaged microelectronic device 1 having a first microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 20) in a first encapsulant 20 and connected to the support member with a plurality of

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solder balls 22; and a second packaged microelectronic device 2 having a second microelectronic die at least partially encased (by 20) in a second encapsulant 20 and connected to the support member with a plurality of elongated connection members 8 extending from the second packaged microelectronic device around at least part of the first packaged microelectronic device and attached directly to the support member.

64. The assembly of claim 63, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device includes a first surface facing toward the support member, a second surface facing away from the support member and toward the second packaged microelectronic device, and a plurality of third surfaces between the first and second surfaces, further wherein the elongated connection members are positioned adjacent to the third surfaces of the first packaged microelectronic device.

- 65. The assembly of claim 63, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 66. The assembly of claim 63, Tamaki et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device is spaced apart (by 15) from the first packaged microelectronic device to define a gap (portion where 15 sits) between the packaged devices.
- 67. The assembly of claim 63, Tamaki et al. show wherein the support member includes support member circuitry, and further wherein all the elongated connection members 8 of the second microelectronic device are attached directly to the support member circuitry.
- 68. Tamaki et al. (figures 1 to 15) specifically figure 15 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 21 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 1 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device 2 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry without any direct electrical connections to the first packaged microelectronic device, the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device.

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69. The assembly of claim 68, Tamaki et al. show further comprising an elongated conductive connecting member 8 connected between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry, at least a portion of the connecting member being positioned adjacent to the first packaged microelectronic device.

- 70. The assembly of claim 68, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 72. The assembly of claim 68 wherein the first packaged microelectronic device is electrically coupled to the second packaged microelectronic device via the support member circuitry.
- 73. Tamaki et al. (figures 1 to 15) specifically figure 15 show an assembly of packaged microelectronic devices, comprising: a support member 21 having support member circuitry; a first packaged microelectronic device 1 electrically coupled directly to the support member circuitry; and a second packaged microelectronic device 2 connected directly to the support member with the first packaged microelectronic device being positioned between the support member and the second packaged microelectronic device, the second packaged microelectronic device not being fixedly attached to the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 76. The assembly of claim 73, Tamaki et al. show wherein the first packaged microelectronic device has a first edge and a second edge facing opposite the first edge and the second packaged microelectronic device has a third edge and a fourth edge facing opposite the third edge, and wherein the third edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the first edge of the first packaged microelectronic device and the fourth edge of the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second packaged microelectronic device extends outwardly beyond the second edge of the first packaged microelectronic device.
- 77. The assembly of claim 73, Tamaki et al. show wherein the second packaged microelectronic device has a plurality of conductive members 8 electrically coupled to

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the microelectronic substrate and extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device, further wherein all the conductive members 8 extending away from an encapsulant of the second microelectronic device are attached directly between the second packaged microelectronic device and the support member circuitry.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the first and second encapsulants the as "merely a matter of obvious engineering choice" as set forth in the above case law.

The listed references are cited as of interest to this application, but not applied at this time.

Field of Search	Date
U.S. Class and subclass: 257/686,685,777,723,737,734,738,778,779,772,666,673, 668,687,678	8/31/04
Other Documentation: foreign patents and literature in 257/686,685,777,723,737,734,738,778,779,772,666,673, 668,687,678	8/31/04
Electronic data base(s): U.S. Patents EAST	8/31/04

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander O Williams whose telephone number is (571) 272 1924. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30-7:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nathan Flynn can be reached on (571) 272 1915. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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